How to prepare a Ward Profile

Every five years your Ward Development Committee (WDC) will need to produce a Ward Priorities Plan. In some LLGs you will also need to prepare a **Ward Profile**. The Ward Profile is a document which records important information about your Ward – like the number of people living in each village or the number of girls in grade 4 or the number of vehicles that are working.

Eventually WDCs won't need to complete the Ward Profile. The LLG will get this information from the Village Record Book instead – and it will be the responsibility of the Ward Recorder (Ward Development Officer) to fill out the Village Record Book and keep it up to date.



However, until this happens WDCs will need to prepare a Ward Profile. Prepare your Ward Profile when you prepare your Ward Priorities Plan.

Have a look at the Ward Profile form – you will see that the instructions for how to fill it out are on the form. Go through the instructions to make sure everything is clear.

When you have prepared your Ward Profile, make three extra copies:

- ✓ One copy for the LLG (if they ask for it).
- ✓ One copy to put in the ward's filing cabinet as a record. Records are history.
- ✓ One copy for the WDC to put on a ward notice board for everyone to see. Ples klia. Opim ai bilong ol manmeri wanwod.
- ✓ Keep the original Ward Profile so you can update it each year (the original Ward Profile form is the one you completed using PENCIL.



How to update your Ward Profile

The Ward Profile needs to be updated each and every year. This means each and every year the WDC needs to go through the Ward Profile and make sure the information is up to date.

Your WDC should have the Ward Profile updated (and ready to submit to the LLG if they ask for it) by the end of February each and every year. The reason you need to wait until the end of February is

that some information for the Ward Profile, like information on school enrolment, can only be completed after the school year begins in the middle of February.

To update your Ward Profile it is simply a matter of going through the form at the start of each year and changing what you need to so that the information is correct. If you USE PENCIL when you complete your Ward Profile this is easy.

You will definitely need to get help to update some sections of the Ward Profile – for example the section on Education will need help from the Head Teacher and the section on Health will need help from a Health Worker.

When you have updated your Ward Profile, you should make three extra copies:

- ✓ One copy for the LLG (if they ask for it).
- ✓ One copy to put in the ward's filing cabinet as a record. Records are history.
- ✓ One copy for the WDC to put on a ward notice board for everyone to see. Ples klia. Opim ai bilong ol manmeri wanwod.
- ✓ Keep the original Ward Profile so you can update it each year (the original Ward Profile form is the one you completed using PENCIL.

BIKPELA TOK. Updating your Ward Profile is something your WDC should do anyway – maski LLG singautim o nogat.

- ✓ Updating your Ward Profile means your WDC has the latest information to hand so you can make decisions *na givim stia long stretim sindaun*. If you rely on information in last year's Ward Profile, it might be out of date.
- ✓ Updating your Ward Profile means that if you want help from a donor or a resource company or an NGO you have up-to-date information to give them.
- ✓ Updating your Ward Profile every year means you will build up a record (a database) of what is happening in your ward. PNG is an oral culture. History, *tumbuna* stories, who is related to who, rules and *kastom*, what decision the Chief made – everything is passed on by word of mouth and remembered. PNG is changing. Now PNG is becoming an oral and print culture. In an oral and print culture things are remembered *and* written down. What a story it would show if your Ward had a copy of the Ward Profile for each year going back 30 years. This is written history.

LAS TOK. The Ward Recorder is responsible for updating the Ward Profile – and for submitting it to the LLG. This doesn't mean the Ward Recorder does everything – but they are responsible for making sure it is done. It is far better if the whole WDC is involved with updating the Ward Profile. Most WDCs hold a ward planning meeting to do this.



Ward Profile form

Your LLG should give you a new Ward Profile form who years). It is a good idea to <u>USE PENCIL</u> to complete the Plan) to the LLG in July make three copies – one for th on a Ward notice board for everyone to see. Keep the pencil just rub out and change what you need to. If you year, then do so. Repeat the same process – make thr	THE WEW GUINT				
Province					
District					
LLG	Ward	population			
Village 1	Villag	e 2			
Village 3	Villag	e 4			If there are more than 5 villages in your Ward
Village 5	<u></u>				add the names of the villages.
WARD DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE	E MEMBER	5			Tribe means haus lain
Ward Member		_			Officially there should be only five Ward
Ward Development Committee Members	Position	Village	Clan	Tribe	Development Committee Members
					(including the Ward Member). At least two
					members must be women. However, the
	<u>.</u>				Government says it is okay if your Ward
					needs more than five Ward Development
					Committee Members.
					If you need more space, write the details
	<u>.</u>				on seperate paper or just squeeze it in.
OTHER WARD OFFICIALS					
Village Court Officials					You can write more than one name for
Land Mediators					each type of Ward Official
Health Officials					Use the space at the
Education Officials					bottom if there is another category of
Ward Recorder					Ward Official that you want to include (for
Women's Leaders	example Disability Representative)				
Youth Leaders	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Church leaders					
Business leaders					If there are more Ward Officials that you want
Peace Officers					to include then write the details on seperate
					paper or squeeze it in.

VILLAGE	POPULA	ΓΙΟΝ					When you have filled out these forms for
VILLAGE	1					Date	each village in your
TRIBES (h						Date	Ward then everyone who normally lives in
- (,						your Ward should have
CLANS						Number of	been counted. It doesn't matter if they
						Births last yearA	are local (as ples) or
Age	Male	Female	Resident	Not	Total	Number of Deaths last yearB	from somewhere else.
0-4				resident			It is very important to
5-9						Number of	only include people who normally live in the
10-14						- Children (0-14)C	Ward. Don't include
15-19						Number of	people who normally
20-24						Youth (15-24)D	live elsewhere (outside the Ward).
25-29							Start by writing the date
30-34							you are completing the
35-39						Number of	form. The write the
40-44						Adults (25-54)E	village name and the names of the Clans in
45-49							the village.
50-54)	When you fill out the
55-59							sections 'number of
60-64 65-69						Number of	births last year' and the section 'number of
70-74						Elderly (55+)F	deaths last year' you
75+							should think about the number of births and
TOTAL							
						Number of	deaths in the last
	Н	I	J	К		Number of HouseholdsG	calendar year. Your
		I	J	l		HouseholdsG	calendar year. Your WDC should be
	2		J	l			calendar year. Your WDC should be completing this Ward Profile (or updating it)
VILLAGE TRIBES <i>(h</i> .	2		J	l		HouseholdsG	calendar year. Your WDC should be completing this Ward Profile (or updating it) in February each and
TRIBES (h.	2		J	l		HouseholdsG	calendar year. Your WDC should be completing this Ward Profile (or updating it)
	2		J	l		HouseholdsG DateG Number of	calendar year. Your WDC should be completing this Ward Profile (or updating it) in February each and every year so the last calendar year is the year that has just
TRIBES (h.	2	I Female	J	l	Total	HouseholdsG	calendar year. Your WDC should be completing this Ward Profile (or updating it) in February each and every year so the last calendar year is the year that has just ended. Get this
TRIBES (h.	2 aus lain)					HouseholdsG DateG Number of Births last yearA	calendar year. Your WDC should be completing this Ward Profile (or updating it) in February each and every year so the last calendar year is the year that has just
TRIBES <i>(h.</i> CLANS Age 0-4	2 aus lain)			Not		HouseholdsG DateG Number of Births last yearA Number of Deaths last yearB	calendar year. Your WDC should be completing this Ward Profile (or updating it) in February each and every year so the last calendar year is the year that has just ended. Get this information from the Health Officer.
TRIBES <i>(h.</i> CLANS Age 0-4 5-9	2 aus lain)			Not		HouseholdsG DateG Number of Births last yearA Number of	calendar year. Your WDC should be completing this Ward Profile (or updating it) in February each and every year so the last calendar year is the year that has just ended. Get this information from the Health Officer. When you work out the numbers of people in
TRIBES <i>(h.</i> CLANS Age 0-4 5-9 10-14	2 aus lain)			Not		HouseholdsG DateG Number of Births last yearA Number of Deaths last yearB Number of	calendar year. Your WDC should be completing this Ward Profile (or updating it) in February each and every year so the last calendar year is the year that has just ended. Get this information from the Health Officer. When you work out the numbers of people in each age range think
TRIBES <i>(h.</i> CLANS Age 0-4 5-9 10-14 15-19	2 aus lain)			Not		HouseholdsG DateG Number of Births last yearA Number of Deaths last yearB Number of Children (0-14)C Number of	calendar year. Your WDC should be completing this Ward Profile (or updating it) in February each and every year so the last calendar year is the year that has just ended. Get this information from the Health Officer. When you work out the numbers of people in each age range think about how old they are on the date you are
TRIBES <i>(h.</i> CLANS Age 0-4 5-9 10-14 15-19 20-24	2 aus lain)			Not		HouseholdsG DateG Number of Births last yearA Number of Deaths last yearB Number of Children (0-14)C	calendar year. Your WDC should be completing this Ward Profile (or updating it) in February each and every year so the last calendar year is the year that has just ended. Get this information from the Health Officer. When you work out the numbers of people in each age range think about how old they are
TRIBES (h. CLANS Age 0-4 5-9 10-14 15-19 20-24 25-29	2 aus lain)			Not		HouseholdsG DateG Number of Births last yearA Number of Deaths last yearB Number of Children (0-14)C Number of	calendar year. Your WDC should be completing this Ward Profile (or updating it) in February each and every year so the last calendar year is the year that has just ended. Get this information from the Health Officer. When you work out the numbers of people in each age range think about how old they are on the date you are filling out the form. The people you count
TRIBES (h. CLANS Age 0-4 5-9 10-14 15-19 20-24 25-29 30-34	2 aus lain)			Not		HouseholdsG DateG Number of Births last yearA Number of Deaths last yearB Number of Children (0-14)C Number of Youth (15-24)D	calendar year. Your WDC should be completing this Ward Profile (or updating it) in February each and every year so the last calendar year is the year that has just ended. Get this information from the Health Officer. When you work out the numbers of people in each age range think about how old they are on the date you are filling out the form. The people you count in the 'youth' age range
TRIBES (h. CLANS Age 0-4 5-9 10-14 15-19 20-24 25-29 30-34 35-39	2 aus lain)			Not		HouseholdsG Date Number of Births last yearA Number of Deaths last yearB Number of Children (0-14)C Number of Youth (15-24)D Number of	calendar year. Your WDC should be completing this Ward Profile (or updating it) in February each and every year so the last calendar year is the year that has just ended. Get this information from the Health Officer. When you work out the numbers of people in each age range think about how old they are on the date you are filling out the form. The people you count
TRIBES (h. CLANS Age 0-4 5-9 10-14 15-19 20-24 25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44	2 aus lain)			Not		HouseholdsG DateG Number of Births last yearA Number of Deaths last yearB Number of Children (0-14)C Number of Youth (15-24)D	calendar year. Your WDC should be completing this Ward Profile (or updating it) in February each and every year so the last calendar year is the year that has just ended. Get this information from the Health Officer. When you work out the numbers of people in each age range think about how old they are on the date you are filling out the form. The people you count in the 'youth' age range can be married. They are still considered 'youth'. What is
TRIBES (h. CLANS Age 0-4 5-9 10-14 15-19 20-24 25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44 45-49	2 aus lain)			Not		HouseholdsG Date Number of Births last yearA Number of Deaths last yearB Number of Children (0-14)C Number of Youth (15-24)D Number of	calendar year. Your WDC should be completing this Ward Profile (or updating it) in February each and every year so the last calendar year is the year that has just ended. Get this information from the Health Officer. When you work out the numbers of people in each age range think about how old they are on the date you are filling out the form. The people you count in the 'youth' age range can be married. They are still considered 'youth'. What is important is their age
TRIBES (h. CLANS Age 0-4 5-9 10-14 15-19 20-24 25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44	2 aus lain)			Not		HouseholdsG Date Number of Births last yearA Number of Deaths last yearB Number of Children (0-14)C Number of Youth (15-24)D Number of	calendar year. Your WDC should be completing this Ward Profile (or updating it) in February each and every year so the last calendar year is the year that has just ended. Get this information from the Health Officer. When you work out the numbers of people in each age range think about how old they are on the date you are filling out the form. The people you count in the 'youth' age range can be married. They are still considered 'youth'. What is
TRIBES (h) CLANS Age 0-4 5-9 10-14 15-19 20-24 25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44 45-49 50-54	2 aus lain)			Not		HouseholdsG Date Number of Births last yearA Number of Deaths last yearB Number of Children (0-14)C Number of Youth (15-24)D Number of Adults (25-54)E	calendar year. Your WDC should be completing this Ward Profile (or updating it) in February each and every year so the last calendar year is the year that has just ended. Get this information from the Health Officer. When you work out the numbers of people in each age range think about how old they are on the date you are filling out the form. The people you count in the 'youth' age range can be married. They are still considered 'youth'. What is important is their age not the word 'youth'.
TRIBES (h) CLANS Age 0-4 5-9 10-14 15-19 20-24 25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44 45-49 50-54 55-59	2 aus lain)			Not		HouseholdsG DateG Number of Births last yearA Number of Deaths last yearB Number of Children (0-14)C Number of Youth (15-24)D Number of Adults (25-54)E Number of Number of Aults (25-54)E	calendar year. Your WDC should be completing this Ward Profile (or updating it) in February each and every year so the last calendar year is the year that has just ended. Get this information from the Health Officer. When you work out the numbers of people in each age range think about how old they are on the date you are filling out the form. The people you count in the 'youth' age range can be married. They are still considered 'youth'. What is important is their age not the word 'youth'.
TRIBES (h) CLANS Age 0-4 5-9 10-14 15-19 20-24 25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44 45-49 50-54 55-59 60-64 65-69 70-74	2 aus lain)			Not		HouseholdsG Date Number of Births last yearA Number of Deaths last yearB Number of Children (0-14)C Number of Youth (15-24)D Number of Adults (25-54)E	calendar year. Your WDC should be completing this Ward Profile (or updating it) in February each and every year so the last calendar year is the year that has just ended. Get this information from the Health Officer. When you work out the numbers of people in each age range think about how old they are on the date you are filling out the form. The people you count in the 'youth' age range can be married. They are still considered 'youth'. What is important is their age not the word 'youth'. Write down the number of households in the village. Household
TRIBES (h) CLANS Age 0-4 5-9 10-14 15-19 20-24 25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44 45-49 50-54 55-59 60-64 65-69	2 aus lain)			Not		HouseholdsG DateG Number of Births last yearA Number of Deaths last yearB Number of Children (0-14)C Number of Youth (15-24)D Number of Adults (25-54)E Number of Number of Aults (25-54)E	calendar year. Your WDC should be completing this Ward Profile (or updating it) in February each and every year so the last calendar year is the year that has just ended. Get this information from the Health Officer. When you work out the numbers of people in each age range think about how old they are on the date you are filling out the form. The people you count in the 'youth' age range can be married. They are still considered 'youth'. What is important is their age not the word 'youth'. Write down the number of households in the

Ward Profile form

Page 4 of 19

VILLAGE	3					Date	
TRIBES (ha							
CLANS						Number of	
						Births last yearA	
Age	Male	Female	Resident	Not resident	Total	Number of Deaths last yearB	Add up the totals for
0-4				resident			the three age groups to
5-9						Number of	get the total for children
10-14						Children (0-14)C	Add up the totals for
15-19) Number of	the two age groups to get the total for youth
20-24						Youth (15-24)D	get the total for youth
25-29)	
30-34							Add up the totals for the six age groups to
35-39						Number of	get the total for adults
40-44						Adults (25-54)E	J
45-49							
50-54						J	
55-59)	
60-64							Add up the totals for
65-69						Number of Elderly (55+)F	the five age groups to
70-74							get the total for elderly
75+						J	
TOTAL						Number of	
	Н		J	K		HouseholdsG	
VILLAGE 4	4					Date	
TRIBES (ha	aus lain)						
CLANS						Number of	
						Births last yearA	
Age	Male	Female	Resident	Not	Total	Number of	
0-4				resident		Deaths last yearB	
<u> </u>						Number of	
10-14						Children (0-14)C	
15-19) Number of	
20-24						Youth (15-24)D	
25-29)	
30-34							
35-39						Number of	
40-44						Adults (25-54)E	
45-49							
50-54							
55-59)	
60-64						1	
65-69						Number of Elderly (55+)F	
70-74							
75+						J	
TOTAL						Number of	
	Н	1	J	К		HouseholdsG	

TRIBES (ha						Date		
CLANS						Number of		
Age	Male	Female	Resident	Not	Total	Births last year Number of	A	
, ige	1 lute	remate	Restaent	resident	Totat	Deaths last year.	В	
0-4						Number of		
5-9						Children (0-	-14)C	
10-14						<u> </u>		
15-19 20-24						Number of Youth (15-2	24)D	
25-29)	,	
30-34								
35-39						Number of		
40-44						Adults (25-	54)E	
45-49								
50-54)		If there are more than
55-59						-		five villages write out
60-64						Number of		the information on a
65-69 70-74						Elderly (55+	-)F	separate sheet of paper and attach it to
70-74						-		your Ward Profile
TOTAL						Number of		
	Н		J	K		Households	G	
IOTAL W	ARD POP	PULATIO	N					
Tribes <i>(ha</i>	<i>aus lain)</i> in	Ward		Tatalaria	- I -			
		-		Total nun	nber of vi	llages in Ward		The total number of
				Total nu	mber of l	pirths last year	А	births and deaths should match the
		-						health centre records
				Total nur	nber of d	eaths last year	В	(and the health section of this Ward Profile)
					Total	children (0-14)	С	For each item add up
					Total	ouths (15-24)	D	the letter from each 'Village Population' form. For example, add
					Total	adults (25-54)	E	up the 'Gs' for each village and write the
		-						total here
					Tota	l elderly (55+)	F	÷
					Tot	al households	G	
Clans in V	Vard					Total males	н	Finally list the names of the clans in the Ward.
						Total females	I	List each clan name only once. This
							· · · ·	information will help planners to understand
		-				Total resident	J	which Wards in a cluster have close traditional tion
					Tota	al not resident	К	traditional ties.

			Include people pour	
WARD RESOURCE PEOPLE			Include people now living in your Ward.	
Name	sex	age	Also include people from your Ward that	
Skill and qualification (if any)			are living elsewhere (for example in town)	
Most recent work			that you think you could call on to help.	
Name	sex	age	Resource people might include: Carpenters	
Skill and qualification (if any)	•		Literacy teachers Computer operators	
Most recent work			Secretaries Bakers Plumbers	
Name	sex	age	Managers Electricians	
Skill and qualification (if any)			Sawmill operators Soap makers	
Most recent work			Traditional crafts Sports coaches	
Name	sex	age	Just because they don't	
Skill and qualification (if any)			have a formal qualification doesn't	
Most recent work			count them out.	
			Most recent work doesn't mean paid	
Name	sex	age	work	
Skill and qualification (if any)	•	·	Some resource people	
Most recent work			have head skills. They are good at organising and managing (tingting	
Name	sex	age	kilim ol). Some resource people	
Skill and qualification (if any)			have hand skills. They are good at making or	
Most recent work			growing or farming or building things (wokim wantaim leg han).	
Name	sex	age	Some resource people	
Skill and qualification (if any)			have heart skills. They are good at leading and	
Most recent work			getting people together and building goodwill (lain bilong kirapim bel	
Name	sex	age	na wokbung na gutpela pasin).	
Skill and qualification (if any)				
Most recent work				
Name	sex	age	If you have more resource people in your	
Skill and qualification (if any)		·	Ward (you definitely will) then copy out their	
Most recent work			details on extra paper and include it as an attachment	

LOCAL COMMUNITY	GROUPS (COMMUNITY ORGANISATIONS)	Include groups and organisations made up
Community group	What does the local community group do?	of local people. For example, youth groups and women's groups and cooperatives and landowner groups and sporting clubs. Only include those community groups and organisations that are active and doing things.
		If you have more local community groups in your Ward use extra paper.
RELIGIOUS ORGANIS	SATIONS THAT WORK IN YOUR WARD What does the religious organisation do?	Denomination means which religion or which church. Include church
		development agencies. Don't just think about spiritual development. The Government wants to know what other development activities religious organisations support – for example health or agriculture or schools or literacy.
		If you need more space use extra paper.
OTHER ORGANISAT Organisation	What does the organisation do? Image: Construction of the organisation of the org	Include outside organisations that work in your Ward. For example, agriculture cooperatives or Donors or NGOs or private companies (for example mining companies). Don't include churches or church development agencies – they are included above.
		If you need more space use extra paper.

NATURAL RESOURCES AND ASSETS			List down the natural resources and assets
Natural resources and assets	Natural resources	and assets	that you could use to develop your Ward. For example:
			White sand Training centre Aid post Resource centre Wokabaut sawmill Timber Clean water Land Minerals Grass (kunai) Good soil Lime Coral (karanas) Stones Healthy reefs Fishing (tourism) Waterfalls (tourism) Wild animals (tourism)
			If you need more space use extra paper.
LAW AND JUSTICE			Last year means last calendar year (January
Type of offence	Number of offences recorded in Ward in last year (village court/magistrates)	Number of offences recorded at Police Station in last year	to December). Your WDC should be completing this Ward
Sorcery/witchcraft			Profile (or updating it)
Sexual offences			in February each and every year so the last
Murder			calendar year is the
Robbery/theft			year that has just ended.
Arson			Refere to your village
Break and enter			court to find these
Assault			records.
Dangerous driving/death			Don't double count – for example if a crime
Illicit drugs			was domestic violence
Home brew			and home brew then choose one category
Domestic violence			only to include it in.
Swearing			If you Ward has a
Land dispute			record of individual cases kept by the
Destruction of property			village
Slander			court/magistrate, then include it as an attachment.
			lf you need more space use extra paper.

COMMUNITY PROJECTS	List all the projects that are currently being	
Project name	implemented or that	
Government sector:	Estimate cost (if any):	were completed in the previous year (since
What is the project trying to achieve?	Estunate cost (it any).	you last updated your
		Ward Profile).
		Which Government sector would the
Which local community groups are involve	ed?	project probably fit into.
Which villages are involved?		Choose from the
Outside help (if any)		following sectors:
Date started	Date completed (if completed)	TRANSPORT
If completed, what has it achieved? If not	yet completed what still needs to be done?	INFRASTRUCTURE EDUCATION
		ECONOMY
		HEALTH LAW AND JUSTICE
		 LAW AND JUSTICE COMMUNITY
		DEVELOPMENT
		What the Government
		means by
Project name		
Government sector: What is the project trying to achieve?	Estimate cost (if any):	DEVELOPMENT is:
what is the project trying to achieve?		1. Sport 2. Social support for
		women and girls,
Which local community groups are involve	ed?	youth, children,
Which villages are involved?		disabled and people living with HIV and
Outside help (if any)		AIDS
Date started	Date completed (if completed)	3. Capacity building for community
If completed, what has it achieved? If not	yet completed what still needs to be done?	organisations
		You can write the name
		of more than one local
		community
		organisation.
Project name		
Government sector:	Estimate cost (if any):	'Outside help' means any organisation that is
What is the project trying to achieve?		not local that provides
		funding or other
Which local community groups are involve	ed?	resources.
Which villages are involved?		
Outside help (if any)		If the project has not achieved what it was
Date started	supposed to acheive	
	Date completed (if completed) yet completed what still needs to be done?	explain why.
		If you have more
		community projects in
		your Ward (you probably will) use extra
		paper and include it as
		an attachment.

ECONOMY – CROI	PS					Write down crops
Name of household use crop	% households growing or gathering it for household use	How important for household use? 1=HIGH, 2=MIDDLE, 3=LOW	Name of household use crop	% households growing or gathering it for household use	How important for household use? 1=HIGH, 2=MIDDLE, 3=LOW	grown or gathered for household use in the table above. Write down crops grown or gathered for cash in the table below.
						Household use means it is not grown or gathered for cash but is instead used for food or recreation (e.g. tobacco or buai) or building materials or medicine or in some other way.
						Cash crops are grown for money. If the crop is grown or gathered to exchange for other goods do not include it as a cash. Instead included it as household use.
						Estimate the number of households in the Ward growing or gathering the crop. Then divide this number by the total number of households in the Ward and times by 100. This will give you a percentage (%).
Name of cash crop	% households growing or gathering it for cash	How important for cash? 1=HIGH, 2=MIDDLE,	Name of cash crop	% households growing or gathering it for cash	How important for cash? 1=HIGH, 2=MIDDLE,	Next indicate how important the crop is for these households (1=high, 2=middle, 3=low).
		3=LOW			3=LOW	If a crop is grown or gathered both for household use and for cash, then include it in both tables.
						Examples of crops include:
						Sweet potatoe Carrots mushrooms Flowers Fruit tree Nuts Spice Tree leaves (lip diwai) Beetlenut (buai) Mustard (daka) Forestry (trees planted for timber) Bamboo (for building) Cocoa
						Broccoli Coffee Coconut Sago (sak sak)

ECONOMY – LIVE	STOCK					Write down livestock rasied or hunted for
Livestock	% households raising or hunting it for household use	How important for household use? 1=HIGH, 2=MIDDLE, 3=LOW	Livestock	% households raising or hunting it for household use	How important for household use? 1=HIGH, 2=MIDDLE, 3=LOW	household use in the table above. Write down livestock raised or hunted for cash in the table below.
						Household use means it is not raised or hunted for cash but is instead used for food or in some other way.
						If the livestock is raised or hunted to exchange for other goods do not include it as cash. Instead included it as household use.
						Estimate the number of households in the Ward raising or hunting the livestock. Then divide this number by the total number of households in the Ward and times by 100. This will give you a percentage (%).
						Next indicate how important the livestock is for these households (1=high, 2=middle, 3=low).
Livestock	% households raising or hunting it for cash	How important for cash? 1=HIGH, 2=MIDDLE, 3=LOW	Livestock	% households raising or hunting it for cash	How important for cash? 1=HIGH, 2=MIDDLE, 3=LOW	If livestock is raised or hunted for both household use and for cash, then include it in both tables.
						Examples of livestock include:
						Bees Ducks Goats Chickens Cows Cassowary (muruk) Bird of paradise Pigs Fish Snails Rabbits Guinea pigs Butterfly Cuscus (kapol) Buffalo Beche de mer Dugong Turtle
						If you need more space use extra paper.

ECONOMY – GOOI	DS PRODU	ICED LOCA	LLY			Goods produced locally are things made by
Product	% households making it for household use	How important for household use? 1=HIGH, 2=MIDDLE, 3=LOW	Product	% households making it for household use	How important for household use? 1=HIGH, 2=MIDDLE, 3=LOW	people. These might be things made from plants or animals or from other materials.
		3-LOW			3-1000	Write down products made for household
						use in the table above.
						Write down products made for cash in the table below.
						Household use means
						it is not made for cash but is instead in some other way (for example soap or scones).
						If the product is made
						to exchange for other goods do not include it as cash. Instead included it as
						household use.
						Estimate the number of households in the Ward making the product.
						Then divide this number by the total number of households
						in the Ward and times by 100. This will give
						you a percentage (%).
Product	% households making it for cash	How important for cash? 1=HIGH, 2=MIDDLE, 3=LOW	Product	% households making it for cash	How important for cash? 1=HIGH, 2=MIDDLE, 3=LOW	Next indicate how important the product is for these households (1=high, 2=middle, 3=low).
						If a product is made for both household use
						and for cash, then include it in both tables.
						Examples of goods produced locally include:
						Bags (billum) Salt
						Soap Arrows
						Canoe Lime
						Baskets
				1		Necklaces Clothes
						Decorations (bilas) Scones
						Bread
				<u> </u>		Rope
						If you need more space use extra paper.

ECONOMY – MARKETS	Copy down the crops or livestock or goods			
The crop or livestock or product that is marketed	Nearest market (which Ward or town?)	Main way to travel to nearest market (W,V,B,P)	Time to travel to nearest market (0,1,2,3)	produced locally (products) from the previous section that are sold for cash.
				Then for each item write down the nearest market (the nearest place it can be sold)
				Then use the following codes to write down the main way people travel to the nearest market.
				W= Walk V= Vehicle B= Boat P= Plane
				Then use the following codes to write down how many hours it takes people to travel to the nearest market.
				0= less than 1 hour 1= 1-4 hours 2= 4-8 hours 3= more than 1 day
				You can use a combination of codes for the main way people travel to the nearest market. For
				example: WV = walk and vehicle. But the time taken should be the combined time.
				When you think about how many hours it takes to get to the market think about the
				season you sell it in – if it is the wet season, it may take longer.
				If you need more space use extra paper.

ECONOMY – BUSINESS ACTIVITII	List the different businesses in the Ward								
Business activity/service	Number of businesses	Business activity/service	Number of businesses	and the number. Only count businesses that are partly or mostly owned and operated by people from your Ward.					
Trade store				Include each business					
Table market				or service in one category only. For					
Agents or middlemen				example, if a trade store also sells liquor,					
Liquor outlet				then don't include it in both categories (call it					
PMV business				a trade store).					
Water transport business				There is space to add					
Fuel outlets				other types of business activities and services.					
Marketing copra									
Buying coffee									
Fermentry									
Processing rubber									
Growing and selling vegetables									
Catching and selling fish									
Logging or sawmill operations									
HEALTH – COMMUNITY HEALTH	Community Health Posts used to be called Aid Posts.								
Which Aid Post do people in this Wa	Which Aid Post do people in this Ward attend?								
Which agency runs the Aid Post?									
How do people usually travel to this .	Aid Pos	st?		'Agency' normally means either Church					
How long does it usually take people		run, or Government run							
How many CHWs are at this Aid Post									
Is family planning provided?		Community Health Workers							
Is immunization provided?									
Is there a trained VBA in this Ward?	VBA means Village								
How often does the Aid Post receive	Birth Attendant.								
HEALTH – MOBILE HEALTH CLIN	IC								
Does a Mobile Clinic visit the Ward?									
Which agency runs the Mobile Clinic?									
How often does the Mobile Clinic visi	t?								

HEALTH – HOSPITAL/H	EALTH	CENTRE,	/SUB	HEALTH (CENTRE/D	DAY CLI	NIC	
Where is the nearest Hospita	l or Health	n Centre?						
Which agency runs the Hosp								
How do people usually travel								
How long does it usually take								
Are family planning services								
· · · ·								
Is immunization provided?								
Are there child delivery facilit	ties availat	ole?						
Are ARV drugs (HIV drugs) av	vailable?							L
HEALTH – COMMON CA	AUSES O	F SICKN	IESS					Last year means last calendar year (January
Type of sickness		Number of deaths last year		Type of sicl	kness	Number of cases last year	of deaths	to December). This data can be obtained from the local Aid Post.
Malnutrition						iust yeur	ast year	Number of cases
Malaria								means the total number people who had the
Pneumonia								sickness. The number
Diarrhoea/Dysentery								of deaths is how many of the people who had
Respiratory (Asthma etc)								the sickness then died.
Typhoid								STI means sexually transmitted infection.
Meningitis	_							List any other
ТВ								sicknesses in the
AIDS								space provided.
STI								Make sure the local
Accidents								health center keeps a record of which
Snakebite								Ward a patient is
Childbirth complications								from. This will make it easier for you to
								collect this information
HEALTH – DRINKING W	/ATER							Use the following codes for the sources
Tribe <i>(haus lain)</i>		What is the source of d water	rinking	Is the main source all year round?	How long does it take to get it?	What is the main alternative drinking water?		of drinking water:
		GP,TP,T,D,F	R,S,W,B	(Y/N)	(A,B,C,D)		D,R,S,W,B	TP=Town pipe T= Tank
								D= Drum R= River or creek
								S= Spring
								W=Well B=Bore
								If you have a different
								source, write the name instead of a code.
								When you fill out how
								long it takes to get water add the time for

-				1							-		.
													going and coming. Use the following codes:
													A= less than 10 min B= 10 min-1 hour
													C= 1-2 hours D= 2-3 hours
													If you need more space
													use extra paper.
EDI		0N – 9	STUD	ENT AND T	FAC	HER N	JUM	रान	RS BV G	RADE			Get this information
													after the school year begins from schools or
Grade		al numbe ents curr		Number of students not enrolled but	stud	otal eligi ents (en	rolled		% of students	Numb teache		Ratio of students to	from your SLIP plan.
Ū		enrolled		should be		nd should be enrolled)		from Ward enrolled		this gr		teacher	To find out the number of students not enrolled
	Male	Female	A Total	В		C A+B=C		A÷	D •Cx100=D	E		F A÷E=F	but who should be (B) you can ask key people
EP													from each village.
E1 E2													To work out % of students from Ward
3													enrolled for each grade (D) divide the number
4													of students current enrolled (A) by the total
5													eligible students (C) and times by 100.
6													To work out the ratio of
7													students to teacher for each grade (F) divide
9													the total number of students currently
10													enrolled (A) by the number of teachers for
11													this grade (E). Count those students
12													studying outside of the Ward if they normally
			Tick thi	s box if your Wa	ard sub	omits SL	IP plan	s (So	chool Learr	ning Impr	oveme	nt Plan).	live in the Ward.
EDU	CATI	ON – 9	SCHO	OLS									List schools that
Ele	mentary			d by students f	rom	Ward	Grad		Number s		W	nich agency?	students from your Ward normally attend.
your Ward							last y	ear	ear from your Ward				'Grades last year' means which grades did the school offer.
													'Number students from
													your Ward' means how many students from your Ward go to the
			<u> </u>										school. 'Which agency'
Prima				y schools attend our Ward	led by	Ward	Grad last y		Number s from you		Wł	nich agency?	normally means the Government or a Church or private ownership.
													-
													When completing the high or secondary

High or secondary schools attended by students from your Ward	Ward	Grades last year	Number students from your Ward	% day	Which a	gency?	schools table give a percentage (%) for the number of students who are day students. Students who are not day students are boarding students or those who live away from home with family		
Other educational institutions							and friends so they can attend the school.		
Educational institution	Num stude		Educational ir	stitutior	1	Number students			
College of FODE							'Other educational		
Vocational centres							institutions' might also include special		
Adult literacy classes							education for people		
Early childhood							living with a disability, or short courses or tok		
Private schools							ples preschool.		
INFRASTRUCTURE – GOVERNN Government building or ass	et RT A		nen last maintainec by community		en last mai		Government buildings or assets are anything that the Government uses to deliver Government services. For example, school classrooms, teacher houses, aid posts, health worker houses, roads, electricity supply, and bridges.		
How many are currently working?									
Shipping (coastal or river)	Shipping (coastal or river)								
Where is the nearest port of call?									
How long does it take to travel to this									
Who runs the vessels?									
How many times do vessels call each y									
Outboard/Inboard Motorboats									
How many outboard/inboard boats ar	e there	in the V	Vard?						
How many are currently working?									

Air Transport		
Where is the nearest airstrip?		
How long does it take to travel to this airstrip?		
Which airlines provide services to this airstrip?		
How often do aircraft land at this airstrip?		
Roads		
How far away is the nearest road?		
Is this road all-weather or dry season only?		
Town or Government Station		
What is the nearest town or Government Station?		
How do people usually travel to there?		
How long does is usually take to travel there?		
Phone/VHF Rado/Internet		
Where is the nearest fixed phone or VHF radio?		
How do people travel to this phone or VHF radio?	Name the mobile phone service providers in your Ward (Digicel or BMobile or another provider)	
How far away is this phone or VHF radio from the Ward?		
Does the Ward have mobile phone reception?		
What are the mobile service providers (Digical/Bmobile/other)?		
Is there internet connection available in the Ward?		
Postal Service		
Where is the nearest place for posting or collecting mail?		
How often is mail delivered or picked up at this place?		
How do people travel to this post place?		
How far away is this post place?	Is the main source of	
Electricity	electricity PNG Power or genset or solar or	
What is the main source of electricity?	hydro or another?	
DISASTER	Get the information	
	about which disasters are a priority from your	
Who is the disaster contact person (and phone number) at the LLG? → Which disasters are commonly experienced in this Ward?	Disaster Response	
when disusters are commonly experienced at this ward:	Management plan.	
CROSS CUTTING ISSUES		
	lf an outside	
What disability support services are there?	organisation is helping,	
What support services are there for people living with HIV or AIDS?	then include the name of the organisation.	
That support services are and e for people aving warring of Albo:		
What support services are there for the elderly?	If necessary, use extra	
	paper and include it as an attachment.	
	Don't forget to include	
Signed Ward MemberDate	any attachments!	